

## EXTREME CONFORMATION AND THE INFLUENCE ON HEALTH

Brenda Bonnett, DVM, PhD, CEO International Partnership for Dogs







## **Learning Objectives**

- After this session, participants will:
  - Understand general and specific concerns for health and welfare in dogs and cats with extreme conformation and characteristics
  - Be able to list several conditions of specific concern and cite data which exemplifies the seriousness of these problems
  - Identify owner attitudes and human-animal interactions that are part of the challenges in addressing such issues of health and welfare in dogs and cats.









Mortality from Agria Sweden Insurance data 1995-2002

3.9% of all insured dogs (up to 10 years of age) died yearly





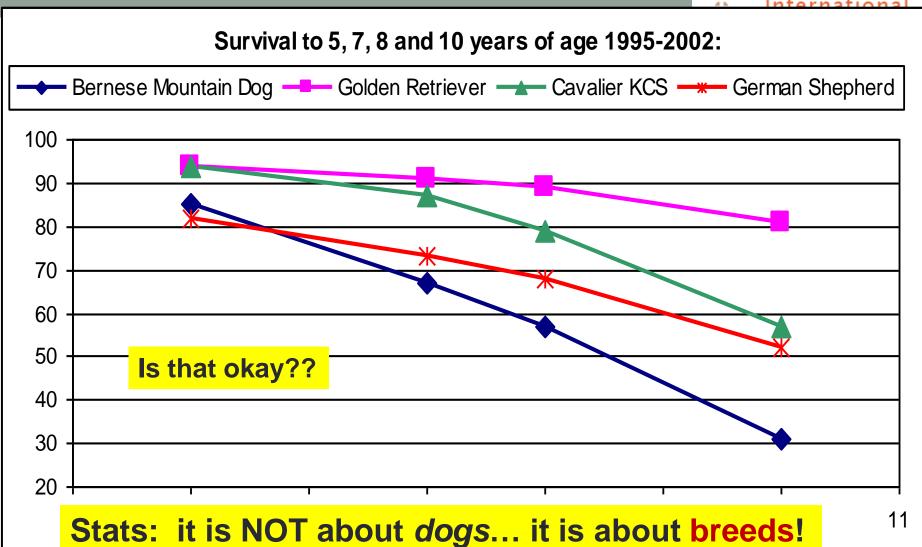


Range in yearly mortality across 100 breeds:

From less than 1% to over 22%

Is that okay??













**DogWellNe** 

How do we decide when it has gone too far?





1901





#### CHOW CHOW, CHAMPION

Born June 8th, 1901. Winner of 6t Firsts and Specials a Mrs. Scaramanga, 8, Sussex Squar

current UK show dog







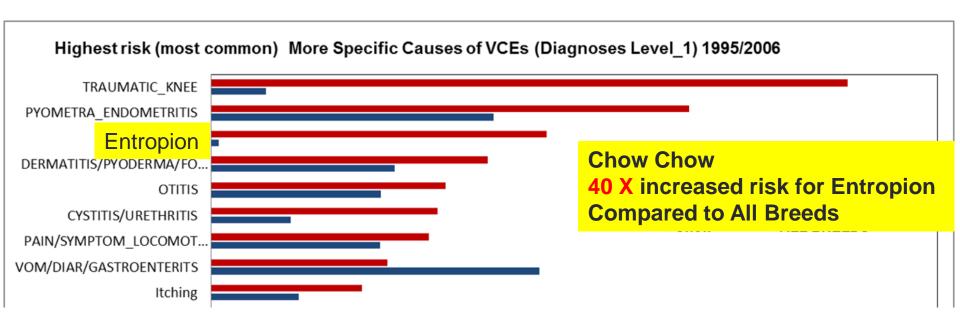
#### The standard asks for:

Eyes shall be dark, oval in shape and middle sized and sound.







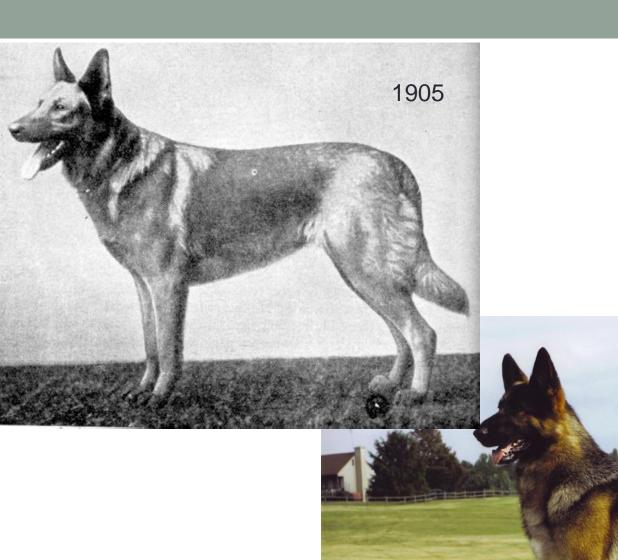








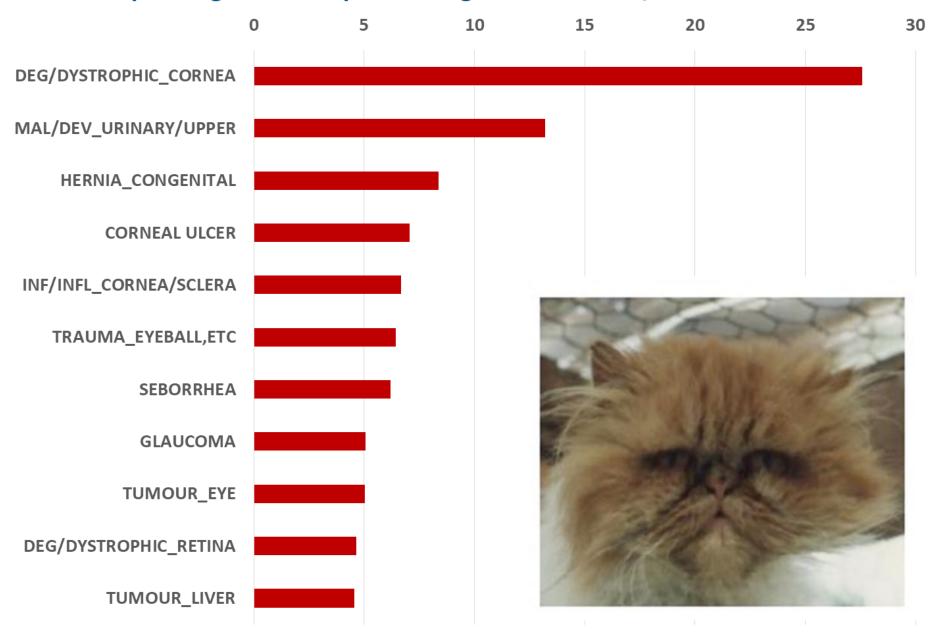








#### **Top 10 Highest Risk Specific Diagnoses PERSIAN/other Purebreds**





## **Objectives for this talk**

- IPFD International Dog Health Workshop in Paris, April 2017
  - Extremes of conformation theme
- Brachycephalics: Data from Swedish insurance data, VetCompass (UK) and recent research
  - Activities and efforts from kennel and breed clubs; other stakeholders
- Other examples of extreme conformation and health
- Moving Forward
  - Human-animal interactions and human behaviour change





#### **IPFD**

#### The Organization

#### DogWellNet.com

#### The Web Platform





































To cient access to the best information

## Goals

- To **connect** global stakeholders in dog health, well-being and welfare *Including:* Geneticists, veterinarians, breeders, governmental authorities, kennel clubs, cynological and animal welfare organizations; FCI committees and commissions, etc.
- **Empower** them to move forward on specific actions both within IPFD / DogWellNet.com and beyond













- 140 attendees from 24 countries
- All stakeholder groups represented…
- 6 themes (see DogWellNet.com)









International
Developments
relative to issues
in Brachycephalic
dogs



Dr Rowena Packer

BBSRC Research Fellow, Royal Veterinary College

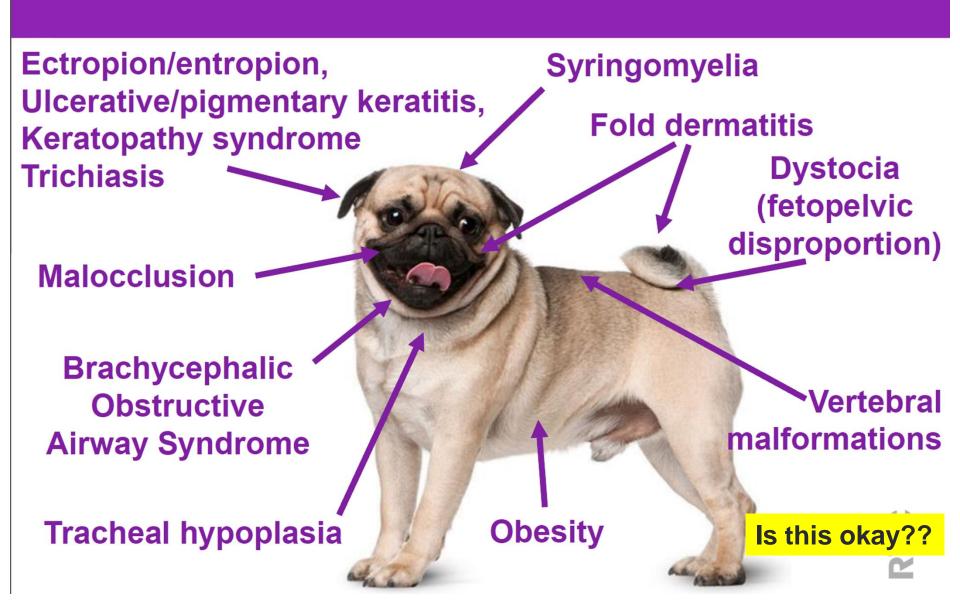


## Statements and action items 3<sup>rd</sup> IDHW: Extremes of Conformation theme

 focus on brachycephalic features, especially BOAS - the most severe and significant problem related to extremes in dog conformation



## Brachycephaly: what's the problem?



# What's new in brachycephalic science ....Prevalence

- Bulldogs, French Bulldogs and Pugs are relatively short-lived (8.6 years vs. 12.7 years) and are predisposed to upper respiratory tract disorders compared with other small-to-medium size breed types (9.7% overall; Bulldog: 19.5%; French Bulldog: 20.0%; Pugs 26.5%)
- Obesity (13.2%), corneal disorders (8.72%) and ear disease (7.5%) common health disorders in Pugs

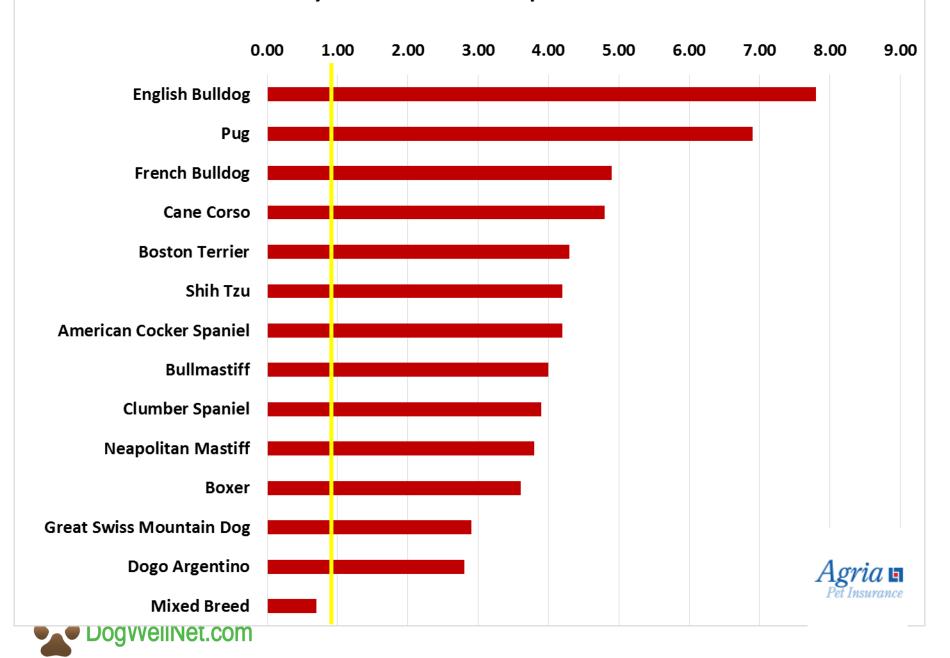


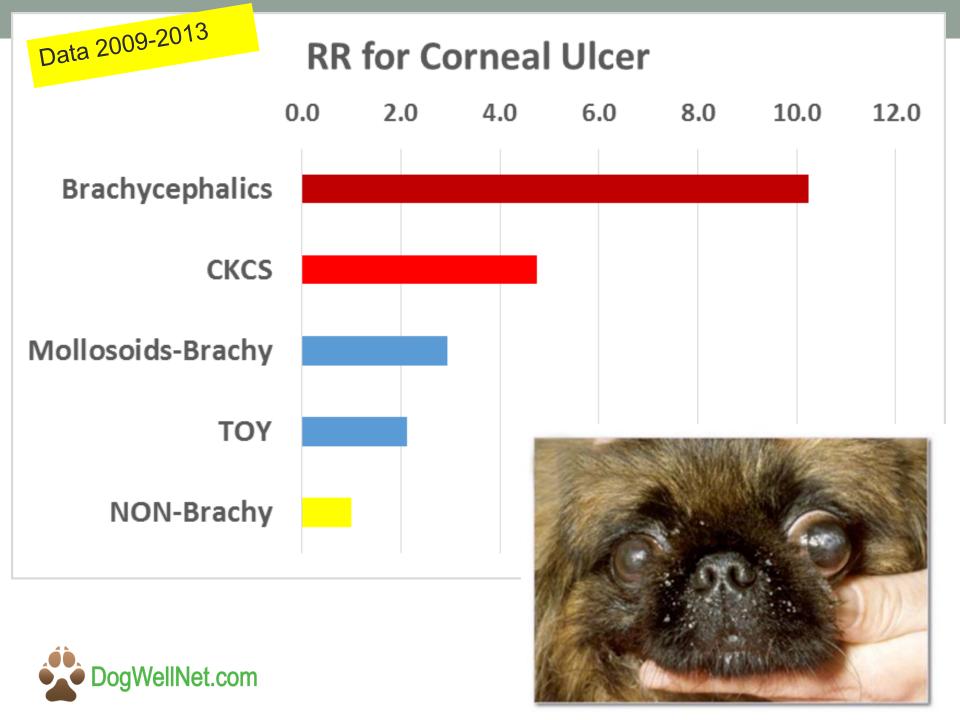


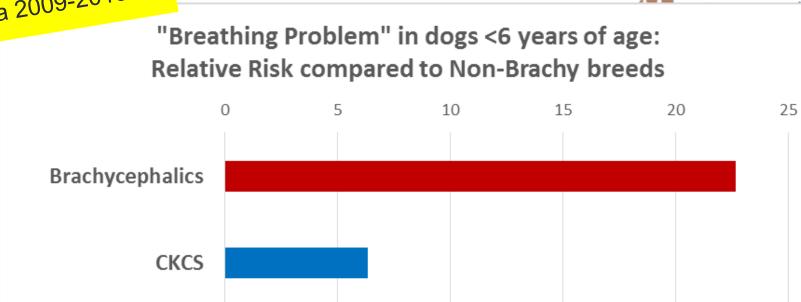
O'NEILL, D. G., JACKSON, C., GUY, J. H., CHURCH, D. B., MCGREEVY, P. D., THOMSON, P. C. & BRODBELT, D. C (2015) Epidemiological associations between brachycephaly and upper respiratory tract disorders in dogs attending veterinary practices in England. Canine Genetics and Epidemiology, 2, 10.

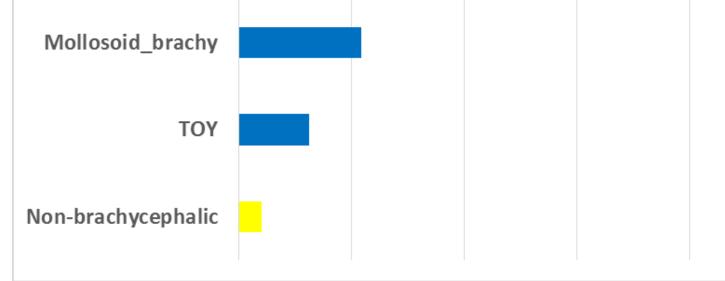
O'NEILL, D. G., DARWENT, E. C., CHURCH, D. B. & BRODBELT, D. C. (2016) Demography and health of Pugs under primary veterinary care in England. Canine Genetics and Epidemiology, 3, 1-12.

#### **Veterinary Care EYES: Risk Compared to All Breeds**













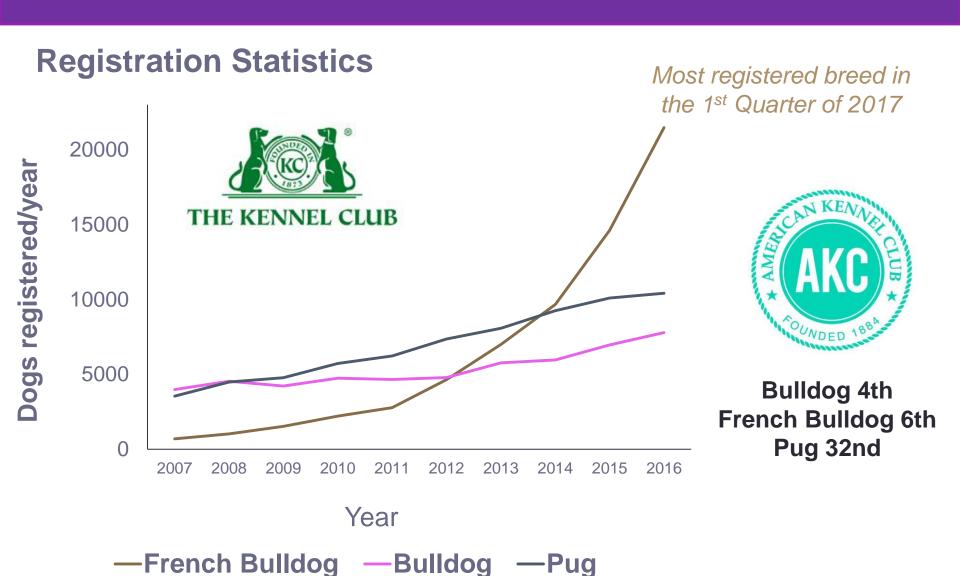


## Statements and action items 3<sup>rd</sup> IDHW: Extremes of Conformation theme

- focus on brachycephalic features, especially BOAS the most severe and significant problem related to extremes in dog conformation
- So far, there has not been a successful reduction of health problems related to BOAS
- There is a need for further good quantitative data, but no further discussion of 'if' there is a problem ... define and quantify and focus on actions.
- Because of increased popularity of brachycephalic breeds, more dogs than ever suffer from BOAS
  - This in spite of extensive attempts to educate and inform puppy buyers of the potential problems



## Brachycephaly: what's the problem?



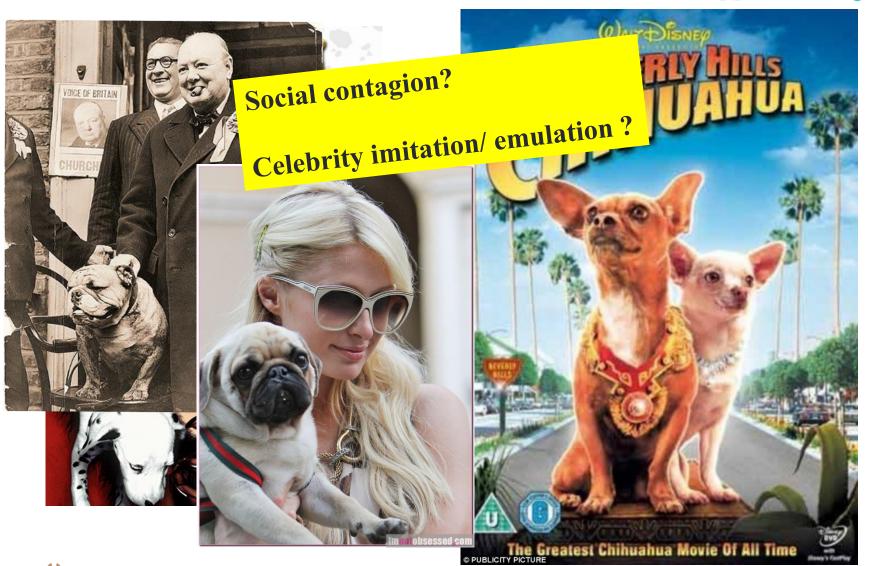


## Lack of knowledge/ understanding

- The extent of suffering related to the brachycephalic constitution is still **not really realized** among breeders/(future) owners
  - Think their dogs have good function do not recognize symptoms/suffering
  - Regard symptoms as breed-specific characteristics (even desirable)
  - Classified as "normal for the breed"
    - 1) failure to exclude sick dogs from breeding
    - 2) failure to give sick dogs the treatment they need
    - 3) failure to reduce the desirability of these breeds









## Brachycephaly: what's the problem?













## Messages

Humane / we

- "And the emo financial cost dogs to their of enormous."
- one of the big welfare proble country







#### **Stages of Change Model:** CONTEXT

Pre-contemplation: There's

nothing wrong "breeder Sue Worrell believes it is these dogs... Iudicrous to suggest the banning of her Resistance? beloved Frenchies and thinks they are no Ignorance / Ia worse than any other breed."

Deep personal http://www.itv.com/thismorning/hot-topics/is-it-time-weconsequences banned-french-bulldogs-in-britain?platform=hootsuite

3etter alth and elfare

#### And/or

- Problem is so complex ... any hope of resolution seems impossible.

e.g. snoring or fainting 'Normal'

Relapse

..or... Strongly disagree about the problem...ethical



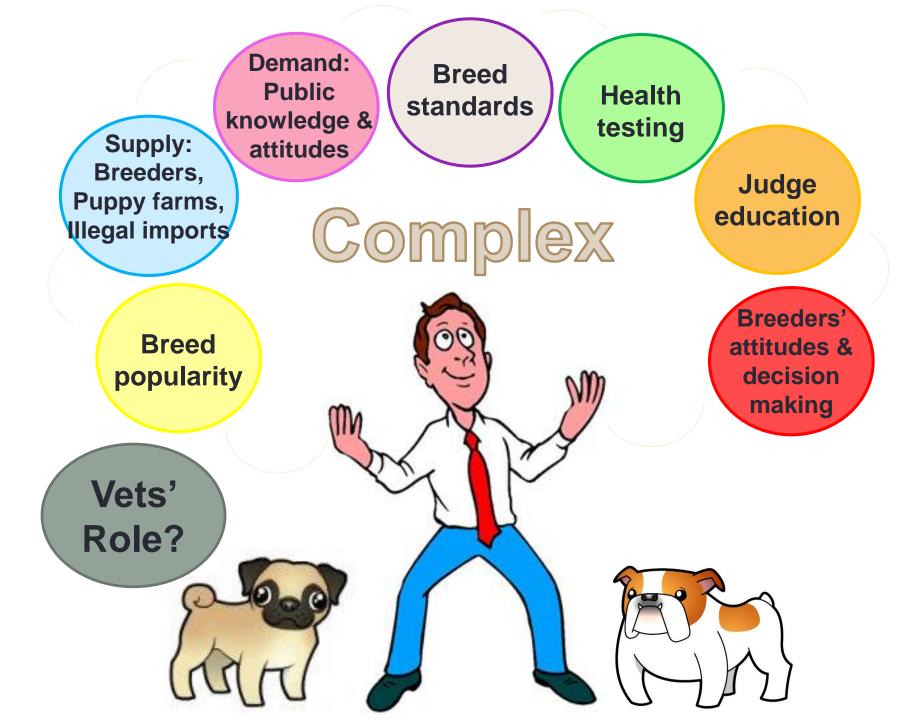


## Need of further education

- Judges interpretation of breed standards and recognizing health, function and balance
- Breeders
- (future) owners
- Veterinarians
- The public
- The governments
- Advertising companies/media

Many stakeholders have a role responsibility in this problem







# Decision of the joint meeting of the FCI scientific and standard commissions 21. April 2017:

- The two commisions decided to review the breed standards of brachycephalic breeds, starting with English and French bulldog, Boston terrier and pug, and identify formulation that still could mislead judges to reward exagerated features and disqualify individuals of better fit.
- If/when such formulations are identified a process for having it changed should be instituted in close cooperation with the country of origin including UK and US.





## Further education

Further education all stakeholders

Changing the perception of a desired individual in "brachy breeds" ...

The most desirable dog is a healthy dog with good welfare



## Brachycephaly: where are we going?

<u>Petition</u>: Petition for breeders, and owners of so-called flat-faced dogs: WE CARE ABOUT THE WHOLE DOG!

Autumn 2015, Sweden

Petition for serious breeders, and owners of brachycephalic dogs, so-called flat-faced dogs, following the rules set by the Swedish Kennel Club.

May 2016, UK





Konferens om kortskalliga hundar



February 2016, Sweden



Campaign for the Responsible Use of Flat Faced Animals

Brachycephalic Breeds Working Group (UK)











Nordic Kennel
Union
Brachycephalic
Working Group



## Characterisation of Brachycephalic Obstructive Airway Syndrome in French Bulldogs Using Whole-Body Barometric Plethysmography

<a href="http://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0130741">http://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0130741</a>



Study from the University of Helsinki on which the walk test is based on (Lilja-Maula et al. 2017) http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S10900 23316302106



## Finnish Kennel Club to add Walk test results to Koiranet DB



Results from BAER tests and walk tests are saved to the Breeding Database

The dog's exercise tolerance is evaluated with a walk test. The walk test is intended for short-nosed (brachycephalic) breeds, showing symptoms caused by upper airway stenosis.

#### Directions for walk tests



https://www.kennelliitto.fi/en/the-dogs-exercise-tolerance-is-evaluated-with-a-walk-test



#### **Germany: WALK TEST**

http://www.vdh.de/news/artikel/belastungstest-fuer-hunde-kurzschnaeuziger-rassen/

- Passing a walking test (1000 meters) is mandatory for the breeding dogs in Pugs and Bulldogs (since 2009) as well as French Bulldogs in the VDH (German Kennel Club)
- French Bulldogs and English bulldogs time limit 8 minutes, Pugs 12 minutes.

The aim of this test is to exclude dogs with health problems due to brachycephal respiratory syndrome from breeding and to promote breeding of healthy dogs.

#### The Netherlands: HEALTH SCREENING

https://www.houdenvanhonden.nl/contentassets/27de95b0774b4730990cfae5b7c4c3e4/convenant bulldog-breeding rules.pdf

Requirements for English Bulldogs used for breeding as from June 1, 2014:

- 1. Breeding Suitability Test: fitness test, patellar luxation (physical exam), physical appearance. Fitness test: 1000 meter walk in 12 minutes. Recovery time 15 minutes (heart rate and temperature).
- 2. ECVO eye test
- 3. DNA test-HUU
- 4. Restrictions for inbreeding
- 5. Natural birth, caesarean section



# What's new in brachycephalic science ....Conformation

- Four risk factors associated with elevated BOAS risk: Flatter faces, thicker necks, neutering and obesity
  - Risk of BOAS starts at CFR 0.5
  - Elevates rapidly <0.2</li>
  - Mean CFR Pug: 0.08; Boston Terrier: 0.15;
     French Bulldog: 0.19; Bulldog: 0.22
- of corneal ulcers: Flatter faces, la palpebral fissure opening and na



- BB BB C C Representation of the property of th
- Spines
  - **Genetics**
- Breeding



PACKORMA, HENDRICKS A, TIVERS MS & BURN CC (2015) Impact of facial conformation on canine health: Brachycephalic Obstructive Airway and DOI WELLOOM e0137496

## Strategies to improve brachycephalic health

#### 1. Health screening prior to breeding/showing:

Validation and standardisation of functional health testing for respiratory function and temperature regulation. Phenotypic screening programmes for other brachycephaly-related disorders (e.g. HV, tracheal hypoplasia)

#### 2. Encouraging selection for less exaggerated conformations:

Amend breed standards to avoid exaggeration and place importance on health. Judge and breeder education to identify healthy and unhealthy phenotypes

#### 3. Developing genetic tests to highlight high and low risk animals:

Identify individuals within high risk breeds with or without significant BOAS

#### 4. Judicious out-crossing:

For those breeds where genetic and/or phenotypic diversity is lacking, identify suitable breeds for potential outcrossing programmes

#### 5. Public education:

To place pressure on breeders to supply healthy puppies. Production of targeted educational materials. Discourage normalisation of extreme dogs in the media.

#### 6. Track progress and share best practice:

Robust prevalence estimates. Breed health surveys. International communication!



## **Take Home Messages**

- We must understand the humans behind these problems
  - Accept diversity; broaden our understanding
- Use empathy and motivational communication
- People may have deeply seated psycho-social reasons for their behaviours – more innovative strategies are needed to achieve change.







