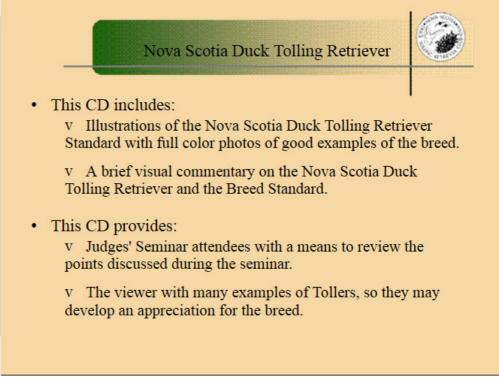
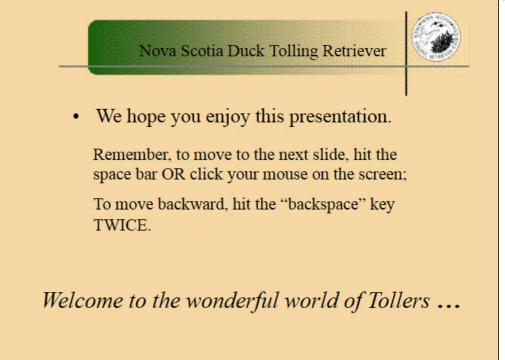
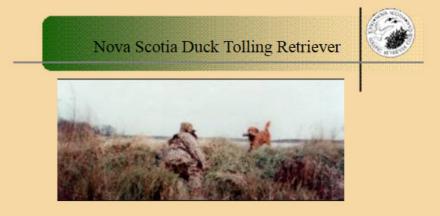


This PowerPoint Presentation CD on the Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever was created by the Club's Judges' Education Committee.

In order for you to learn and enjoy the information & photos, we have formatted the slide show to move at your ~ simply hit the space bar OR click on the screen with your mouse to move to the next slide.







The Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever (Toller) was developed in the early 19th century to toll, or lure, and retrieve waterfowl. The playful action of the Toller retrieving a stick or ball along the shoreline arouses the curiosity of the ducks offshore. They are lured within gunshot range, and the dog is sent out to retrieve the dead or wounded birds.

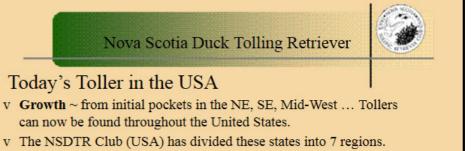
Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever





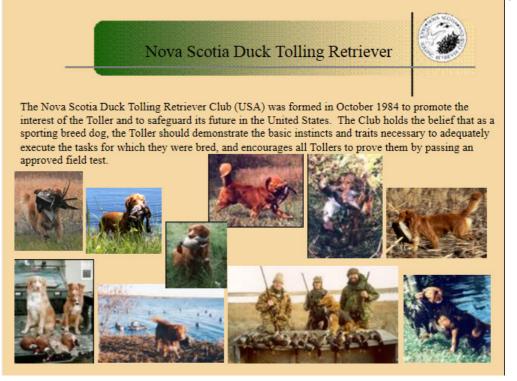
Yarmouth County, Nova Scotia, Canada is considered the place of origin of the purebr dog officially known as the Nova Scotia Du Tolling Retriever – or more affectionately known as the "Toller."

There is no authentic record of the development of the Toller, but present day thinking is that the basic stock was the red decoy dog, probably brought to Nova Scotia with the early settlers from Europe. Crosses with other breeds: possibly spaniel and setter-type dogs; retriever-type dogs; and farm collie, produced today's Toller. Originally known as the Little River Duck Dog after the district of Yarmouth County, or as a Yarmouth Toller, the Toller has bred true for generations and was granted official breed status by the Canadian Kennel Club in 1945, when 15 were registered.

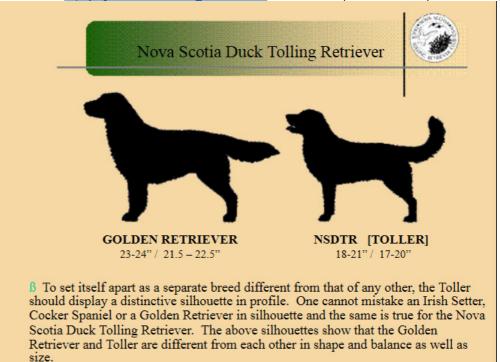


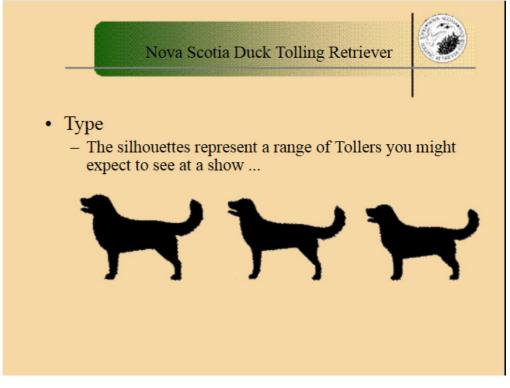
In 1998 the United States Club voted to apply with the AKC for full recognition as a breed. When the club turned over its registry to the AKC's Foundation Stock Service in 1999, there were over 1,200 entries. As of mid July 2002, there were over 1,700 registered with the FSS. The NSDTRC(USA) has over 20 registered breeders and 17 registered Tollers at Stud in this program.

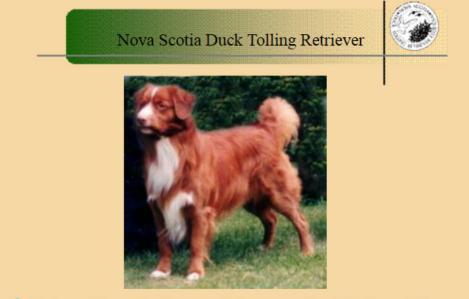




Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retrievers (Tollers) Are "not" little Goldens!

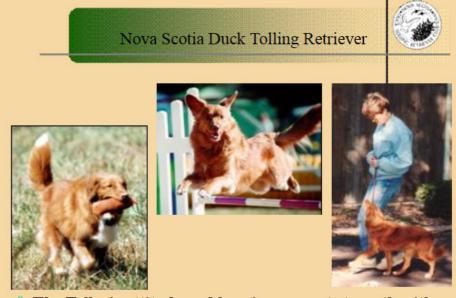




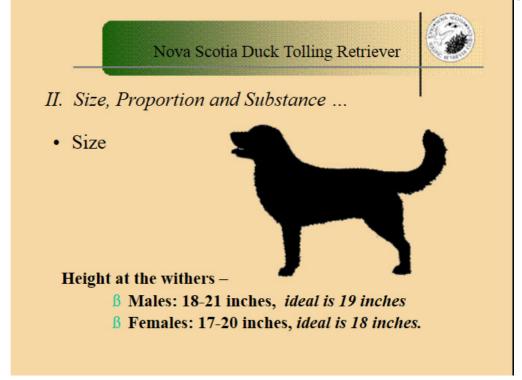


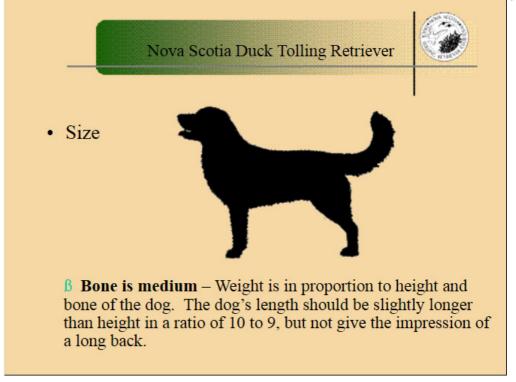
B This medium-sized, powerful, compact and balanced dog is the smallest of the retrievers.





B The Toller's attitude and bearing suggest strength with a high degree of agility. He is alert, determined and quick, with a keen desire to work and please.











Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever





• Expression ... Is alert, friendly and intelligent. Howe However, many Tollers have a slightly sad or worried expression when they are not working

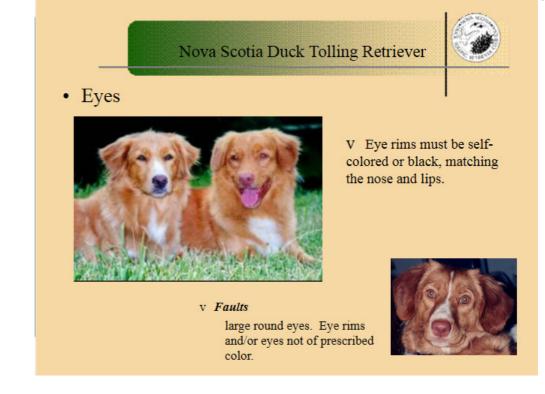
they are not working.

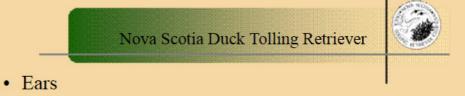




v The moment the slightest indication is given that retrieving is required, they set themselves for springy action with an expression of intense concentration and excitement.







v The high-set ears are triangular in shape with rounded tips, set well back on the skull, framing the face, with the base held slightly erect.



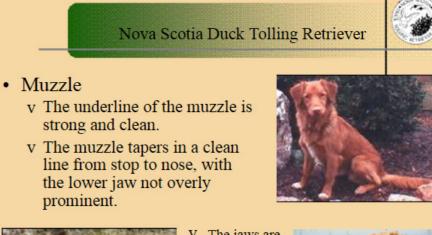
v ears are short-coated and well feathered only on the back of the fold; length should reach approximately to the inside corners of the eye.







v ears should be carried in a drop fashion ~ not folded.





V The jaws are strong enough to carry a sizeable bird.



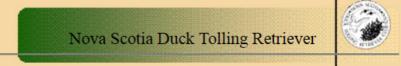




heaviness in the flews

V BITE

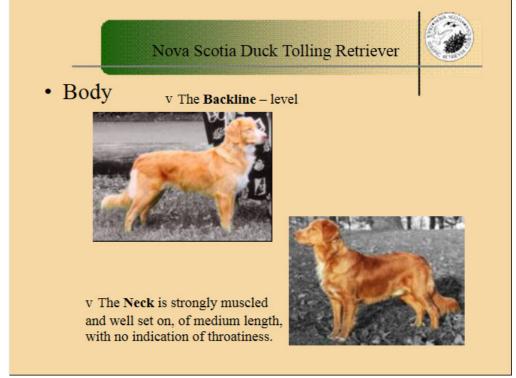
§The correct bite is tight scissors. §Full dentition is required.



• Body

v The body is deep in chest, with good spring of rib; the brisket reaching to the elbow. Ribs are neither barrel shaped nor flat. The back is strong and straight. The loins are strong and muscular, with moderate tuck-up.







• Tail

v The Tail follows the natural very slight slope of the croup; is broad at the base and is luxuriant and well feathered, with the last vertebra reaching at least to the hock.

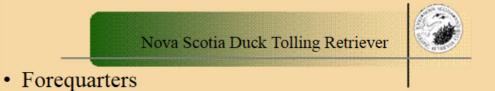
Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever

v The Tail may be carried below the level of the back **except** when the dog is alert or gaiting, when it should be held high in a curve.





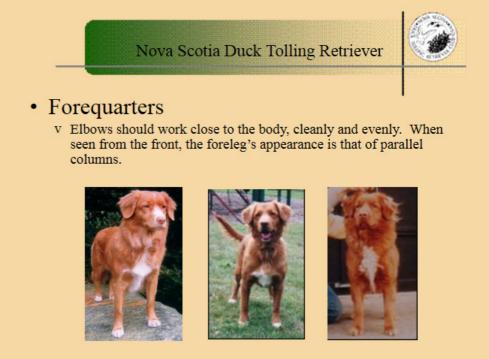
V Faults – tail too short, kinked or curled over touching the back.

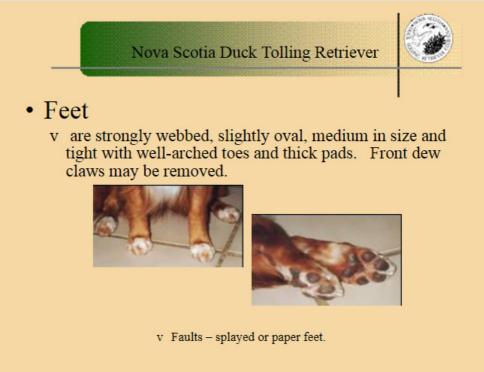


v The shoulders should be muscular, strong and well angulated, with the blade roughly equal in length to the upper arm.

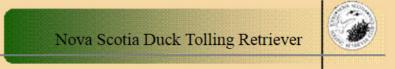


V The pasterns are strong and slightly sloping \sim not down.









• Hindquarters

v The upper and lower thighs are very muscular and equal in length. The stifles are well bent.





- v The hocks are well let down, turning neither in nor out.
- V Rear dew claws **MUST NOT** be present.

Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever

• Coat

v The Toller was bred to retrieve from icy waters and must have a waterrepellent double coat of medium length and softness, and a soft dense undercoat.

v The Coat may have a slight wave on the back, but is otherwise straight. Some winter coats may form a long loose curl at the throat.

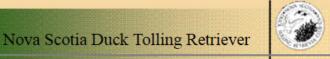






v Featherings are soft and moderate in length.

V Overcoated specimens are not appropriate for a working dog and should be faulted.



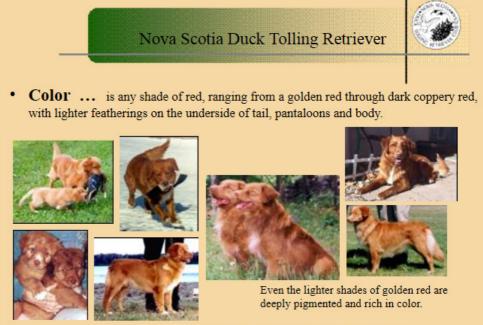
• Grooming

v While neatening of the feet, ears and hocks for the show ring is permitted, the Toller should always appear natural, never barbered.

v Whiskers must be present.

SCoats/Tails should never be scissored or appear sculpted.

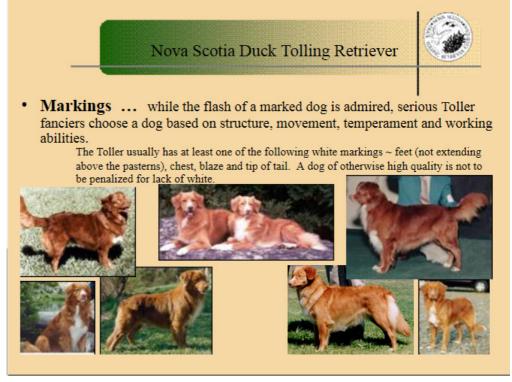
§Coats should appear clean and well brushed, but not fluffed out, moussed or back brushed.

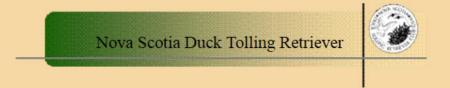


V Disqualifications - brown coat, black areas in coat or buff.









• Markings ... Disqualifications

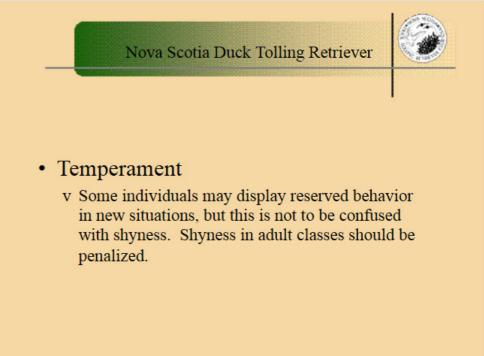
 $v_{\rm -}$ white on the shoulders, around the ears, back of the neck or across the flanks.



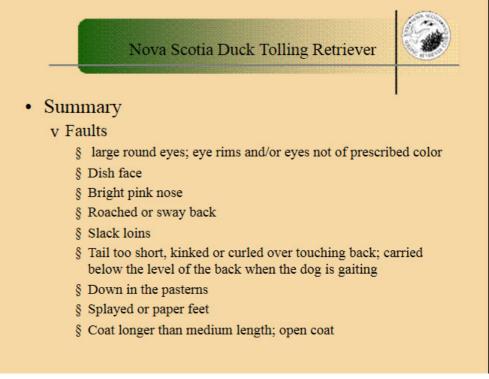


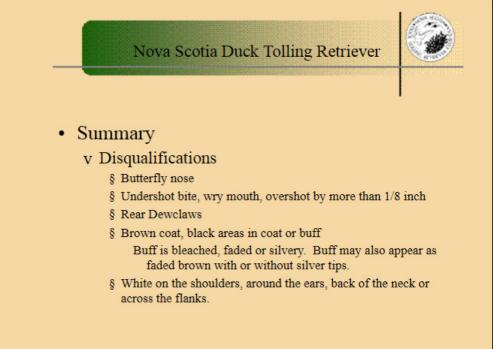


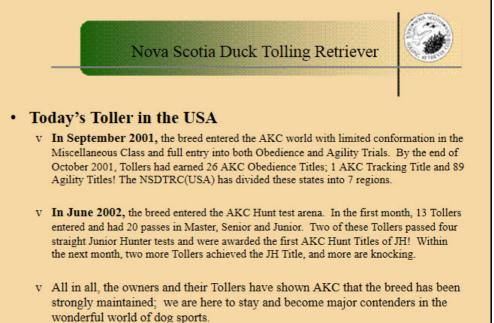














Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever

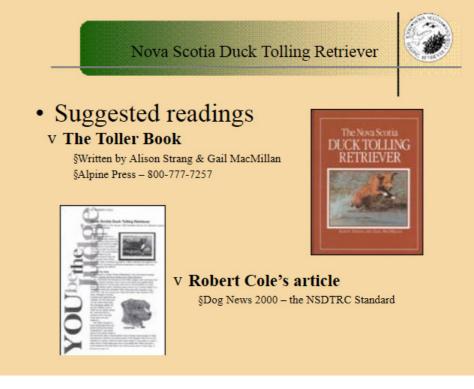
 NSDTRC(USA) Breed Video

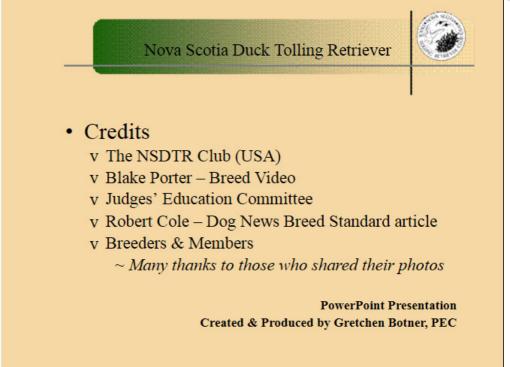


The video captures the essence of the Toller's energy, working ability and personality. You will learn about tolling, and be able to see Tollers in their natural element retrieving on land and water. Many examples of live Tollers capture the breed's intensity and sparkle.

The video also explains the AKC Standard for the breed, with live Tollers illustrating each section. Video Length: Approximately 16 minutes.

The Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever breed video was produced by Blake Porter and members of the Judges' Education and Standard committee of the Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever Club (USA). Blake Porter is a gifted wildlife videographer, whose work is frequently seen on television outdoor programs. The production of this video was completely sponsored by the Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever Club (USA).







Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever

Questions?

For additional information, go to

www.nsdtrc-usa.org

Or contact: Peggy Park, Judges' Education 5104 N. Hickory Road, Muncie, IN 47303 ~ email: parklake@netusa1.net

Ask about the Club's Loaner Program of the Breed Video

