

## Trends in canine genetic diversity in 30 years of pedigree dogs



The study's aim was to **analyse population data** for all **215 breeds** currently recognised by the UK Kennel Club **between 1980 and 2014** to **determine trends in registration**, **rate of loss of genetic diversity**, **degree of inbreeding** and **popular sire usage**.





## **Data and method**

All electronic pedigree information held by the Kennel Club was used to calculate inbreeding coefficients for every registered individual born from 1980 to 2014. The rate of change of average inbreeding coefficient per breed (rate of inbreeding) describes the rate of loss of genetic diversity over this period.



## Conclusions

A large decline in breed genetic diversity occurred in the 1980's and 1990's. However, since

the turn of the century, the general trend is that **the rate of inbreeding has slowed drastically**, implying that **many breeds** may be seeing some **replenishment of genetic diversity**.



## **Goal for breed management**

To manage genetic diversity within the breed to maximise the variety of healthy and desirable dogs within the gene pool. It is not necessary to use all dogs in the population (especially those with undesirable traits). Health, genetic diversity and good husbandry must work together in balance.





THE KENNEL CLUB DOG HEALTH The full research paper, *Trends in genetic diversity for all Kennel Club registered pedigree dog breeds* www.cgejournal.org

Individual breed reports - http://tinyurl.com/ohemgos

For any questions or queries please e-mail: mateselect@thekennelclub.org.uk